

ACADEMIC PROGRAM

LIGHTING AND COMPOSITING II

B.F.A. IN ANIMATION

MODALITY: ON CAMPUS

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2023-2024



Name of the course:	Lighting and Compositing II
Degree :	Animation
Location:	Centro Universitario de Tecnología y Arte Digital
Area:	Advanced 3D Techniques for Animation
Year:	49
Teaching period:	1
Туре:	OBM
ECTS credits:	6
Teaching modality:	On campus
Language:	English
Lecturer / Email	Laura Gamez Gallardo/laura.gamez@u-tad.com
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SUBJECT DESCRIPTION

Area description

This subject is mandatory for the students that choose the Mention in Backend Animation Pipeline techniques.

This subject will allow the students who choose it to deepen the knowledge acquired in 3D techniques in the common part of the bachelor's degree applied to the final processes of 3D animation content production, known as Backend Pipeline. These processes, which without losing their technical component incorporate a high technical content, include lighting, compositing, 3D effects simulation, character effects (cloth, hair, fur) and the preparation of the character for animation through the Rigging process.

Subject description

This is a consolidation course, which extends in a second part the syllabus taught in the first four-month period, establishing in a definitive and professional way the necessary skills for the development of lighting and finishing environments in the rendering processes of an animation.

COMPETENCIES AND LEARNING OUTCOMES

Competencies BASIC AND GENERAL



CG4 - Apply the aesthetic and perception fundamentals of the image in terms of structure, form, color and space in the representation of digital content.

CG8 - Optimize the work according to the technological resources related to the processes and tools of the project to be developed.

CB1 - That students have demonstrated to possess and understand knowledge in an area of study that starts from the basis of general secondary education, and is usually found at a level that, although supported by advanced textbooks, also includes some aspects that involve knowledge from the forefront of their field of study.

CB2 - That students know how to apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional manner and possess the skills that are usually demonstrated through the development and defense of arguments and problem solving within their field of study.

CB3 - That students have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their area of study) to make judgments that include reflection on relevant social, scientific or ethical issues.

CB4 - Students should be able to convey information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialized and non-specialized audiences.

CB5 - That students have developed those learning skills necessary to undertake further studies with a high degree of autonomy.

TRANSVERSALS

CT3 - Know the hardware and software fundamentals of computers and communication networks, as well as the principles of storage and cloud computing along with their usefulness and application to the development projects of the digital economy.

CT4 - Update the knowledge acquired in the management of digital tools and technologies according to the current state of the sector and the technologies used.

CT5 - Demonstrate versatility, flexibility and creativity in the development of projects, activities and works.

CT6 - Develop collaborative projects in a climate of teamwork based on respect, cooperation and responsibility.

SPECIFIC

CE16 - Know the concepts and apply the tools and techniques that allow the introduction of visual effects in an audiovisual project.

SC17 - Use texturing techniques to apply materials to 3D models.

SC2 - Know and apply the fundamentals of photography, its elements of visual composition and the expressive value of lighting.

CE7 - Create audiovisual pieces applying the principles of composition, audiovisual narrative and graphics animation to the realization, planning, editing and post-production of sequences and shots.

CE10 - Create images with a high level of finish using the most appropriate tools for the project of which it is part.

CE11 - Use the theory, techniques and tools associated with lighting, rendering and composition.





SPECIFIC TO THE MENTION

Students who choose this subject will acquire the following specific competences of the mention (CE3D):

- CE3D1: Build 3D Rigs from a given model.

- CE3D2: Know the internal structure of 3D scenes and be able to generate interfaces and automation of effects in 3D software through code.

- CE3D3: Know the methodologies and the main dynamic simulation tools for the creation of 3D visual effects.

Learning outcomes

At the end of the degree, the graduate will be able to:

- Apply visual language to the different animation techniques to convey ideas.

- Know the syntax and basic use of programming languages applied to rigging and particle simulation.

- Manage the interaction between different materials and lighting systems in 3D and 2D creation environments.

- Create environments with a high degree of verisimilitude through the use of layers, alphas and other basic digital compositing techniques.

- Identify software and hardware requirements for lighting, rendering and compositing.

- Integrate with visual consistency the various elements involved in a 2D or 3D layered composition in the post-production phase of the project.

- To integrate convincingly synthetic images, created with digital tools, and real images, recorded photographically.

- Determine the emitting elements, collisions and fields of particle systems in the creation of visual effects.

- Simulate the dynamic elements and situations involved in atmospheric phenomena, such as clouds, fog, rain, smoke, fire, or in the breakage and destruction

of rigid solid bodies by collisions or explosions.

- Optimize the programming code used in an animation scene using the necessary debugging tools.

- Program elements in a 2D or 3D scene for the simulation of visual effects or the technical optimization of scenes.

- Manage texture libraries for reuse in an animation scene.

- Combine the qualities of various materials such as reflection, refraction and specularity for the creation of shading.

- Apply the required textures and shaders convincingly and according to the needs of the production in the various parts of a 3D animation scene such as sets, objects or characters.

- Determine the chain of relationships in the construction of body, facial and node controls that are part of a 3D skeleton or rig.

- Establish the skinning of the different parts of a 3D model.



- Use different techniques of bone construction in 3D models according to the needs of character and object animation.

- Generate the character pickers or synoptics necessary for other members of a 3D production to manipulate 3D elements.

- Modify and debug the programming codes of a 3D animation scene.
- Automate the generation of digital effects in a 3D animation scene.

- Determine the different fields involved in collisions and particle interactions in the post-production phase of an audiovisual project.

- Control the dynamics and parameters involved in the simulation of fluids in a 3D animation scene.
- Establish the necessary elements in the creation of breaks and fractures in rigid models in a 3D simulation.
- Create clean and optimized modeling meshes in the creation of 3D objects, figures and environments.

CONTENTS

- \cdot CG Global lighting.
- · Lens distortion.
- · Render optimization.
- \cdot Lighting for the CG and live action integration.
- · CG Composition: Multichannel Work, Render Passes, Relighting
- · Rotoscoping and generating clean plates.

SUBJECT SYLLABUS

Lighting of environments. Artistic approaches in animation

- 1.1.General overview of lighting concepts
- 2. Basic concepts in Nuke
- 2.1.Grade and shuffle
- 2.2.I-Distort
- 2.3.Corner pin
- 2.4.Merge mode
- 2.5.Roto & Rotopaint
- 3. Matchgrading
- 3.1.Black & Whitepoint
- 3.2.Grade





- 3.3.Colorcorrect
- 3.4.Colourspace
- 3.5.Matchgrading
- 4. Chroma
- 4.1.Keyer
- 4.2.Primatte
- 4.3.Keylight
- 5. Tracker
- 5.1.Tracker. Matchmove
- 5.2.Planartracker
- 5.3.Cameratracker1
- 6. Arnold. Advanced render optimisation
- 6.1.Lights. Shadows
- 6.2.Adaptative sampling & denoise
- 6.3.Render settings
- 6.4.Complex Render layers
- 7. Project preparation
- 7.1. Complete project creation

TRAINING ACTIVITIES AND TEACHING METHODOLOGIES

TRAINING ACTIVITIES

LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Total hours	Hours of presence
Theoretical / Expository classes	22,00	22,00
Practical classes	33,75	33,75
Tutorials	4,25	2,13
Independent study and autonomous work of the student	35,00	0,00
Elaboration of work (group or individual)	50,75	0,00
Evaluation Activities	4,25	4,00





TOTAL	150	61,88

Teaching methodologies

Expository method or master class
Case method
Problem-based learning
Cooperative or collaborative learning
Inquiry-based learning
Flipped classroom or inverted classroom methodology
Gamification

TEMPORAL DEVELOPMENT

Theme 1-1 week

Theme 2- 2 weeks Theme 3- 2 weeks Theme 4-2 weeks

Topic 5-2 weeks

Topic 6-2 weeks

Topic 7-3 weeks

EVALUATION SYSTEM

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM	MINIMUM SCORE RESPECT TO THE FINAL ASSESSMENT (%)	MAXIMUM SCORE RESPECT TO THE FINAL ASSESSMENT (%)
Assessment of participation in class, exercises or projects of the course	10	20
Assessment of assignments, projects, reports, memos	30	60
Objective test	30	60



GRADING CRITERIA

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM	ORDINARY EVALUATION	EXTRAORDINARY EVALUATION
Assessment of participation in class, exercises or projects of the course	10	10
Assessment of assignments, projects, reports, memos	60	60
Objective test	30	30

General comments on the evaluations/assessments

It is crucial to hand in assignments on time. There will be a 10 minute grace period in which the assignment will be considered on time. Students may hand in work up to 24 hours late, but will receive a subsequent grade penalty determined by the teacher. Any case of plagiarism detected in assignments or exams will result in a mark of zero for that assignment, the teacher and academic coordinators will be informed, and the current regulations will be applied, which may lead to very serious penalties for students. Any detection of plagiarism, copying or the use of bad practices (such as the use of Als) in a paper or exam will result in the failure of that paper with a zero, the notification of the teaching staff and academic coordinators and the application of the regulations in force, which may lead to very serious sanctions for the student.

LIST OF REFERENCES (BOOKS, PUBLICATIONS, WEBSITES):

Basic: Birn, Jeremy. Digital Lighting and rendering.

Brejon, Chris. The CG Cinematography Book.

REQUIRED MATERIALS, SOFTWARE AND TOOLS

Type of classroom Theory

Materials: Display - Digital whiteboard, Laptop

Software: Autodesk Maya, Nuke